

Volume flow controller

Ref. no.: 232

Circular, self-regulating
model VRK-N

Controller for low flow rates, differential pressure up to 500 Pa



| Size [mm] | Volume flow [m ³ /h] | | Flow rate [m/s] | |
|--------------|------------------------------------|------|--------------------|------|
| | min. | max. | min. | max. |
| 80 | 25 | 80 | 1,4 | 4,4 |
| 100 | 40 | 125 | 1,4 | 4,4 |
| 125 | 65 | 220 | 1,5 | 5,0 |
| 160 | 100 | 350 | 1,4 | 4,8 |
| 200 | 160 | 500 | 1,4 | 4,4 |
| 250 | 240 | 800 | 1,4 | 4,5 |

The controller operates from the minimum pressure difference, which is a function of the volume flow (see diagram 1), up to the maximum pressure difference of 500 Pa in a stable control range. Over this entire pressure range, the flow rate deviation is $\pm 10\%$ (less than 100 m³/h ± 10 m³/h). For smaller air velocities below 4 m/s, the flow rate deviation can be $\pm 20\%$. Unfavorable flow conditions, pollution or minor bracing during installation can also cause larger deviations.

For further information, dimensions and prices see brochure VRK ref. no. 233.



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Constant volume flow controller automatically regulating - circular

Table 1: Air flow noise generated by the controller

| Size [mm] | Flow velocity[m/s] | Volume flow [m³/h] | Static pressure difference at the controller [Pa] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|---|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------------------|---------|----------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|----|----|
| | | | 100 Pa | | | | | | | | 250 Pa | | | | | | | | 500 Pa | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Octave power level* | | | | | | | | Octave power level* | | | | | | | | Octave power level* | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | L _w [dB/octave] | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | L _w [dB/octave] | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | L _w [dB/octave] | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | | |
| 80 | 1,4 | 25 | 29 | 33 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 33 | 28 | 27 | 37 | 38 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 36 | 35 | 46 | 45 | 47 | 47 | 47 | 47 | 48 | 43 | 42 | 53 |
| | 2,9 | 52 | 39 | 39 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 36 | 31 | 30 | 41 | 40 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 49 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 53 | 46 | 49 | 50 | 52 | 53 | 55 | 51 | 51 | 59 |
| | 4,4 | 80 | 48 | 46 | 43 | 41 | 39 | 39 | 33 | 31 | 44 | 51 | 51 | 50 | 48 | 48 | 49 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 54 | 57 | 57 | 56 | 55 | 55 | 56 | 51 | 50 | 60 |
| | 1,4 | 40 | 32 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 34 | 29 | 27 | 39 | 41 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 43 | 38 | 36 | 48 | 47 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 50 | 44 | 43 | 54 |
| 100 | 2,9 | 82 | 46 | 43 | 40 | 37 | 35 | 35 | 28 | 27 | 41 | 50 | 49 | 48 | 46 | 45 | 46 | 46 | 40 | 40 | 51 | 50 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 57 | 52 | 52 | 61 |
| | 4,4 | 125 | 50 | 48 | 45 | 42 | 40 | 40 | 33 | 32 | 45 | 53 | 53 | 51 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 45 | 45 | 55 | 59 | 59 | 58 | 57 | 56 | 57 | 52 | 51 | 62 |
| | 1,5 | 65 | 35 | 36 | 36 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 36 | 30 | 29 | 41 | 43 | 45 | 45 | 44 | 44 | 45 | 39 | 37 | 49 | 50 | 52 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 45 | 44 | 56 |
| 125 | 3,2 | 142 | 48 | 46 | 42 | 39 | 37 | 37 | 30 | 29 | 43 | 52 | 52 | 50 | 49 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 43 | 42 | 53 | 53 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 57 | 59 | 54 | 54 | 63 |
| | 5,0 | 220 | 52 | 50 | 47 | 44 | 42 | 42 | 36 | 34 | 48 | 61 | 59 | 56 | 53 | 51 | 51 | 44 | 43 | 56 | 62 | 62 | 60 | 59 | 59 | 59 | 54 | 53 | 64 | |
| | 1,4 | 100 | 37 | 38 | 38 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 30 | 28 | 41 | 46 | 47 | 46 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 39 | 37 | 50 | 53 | 54 | 53 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 45 | 44 | 57 | |
| 160 | 3,1 | 225 | 49 | 47 | 43 | 40 | 38 | 37 | 31 | 29 | 43 | 54 | 54 | 52 | 50 | 49 | 49 | 43 | 42 | 54 | 56 | 58 | 58 | 59 | 59 | 60 | 55 | 54 | 65 | |
| | 4,8 | 350 | 53 | 51 | 48 | 45 | 43 | 42 | 36 | 35 | 48 | 62 | 60 | 57 | 54 | 52 | 51 | 45 | 43 | 57 | 64 | 64 | 62 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 55 | 54 | 65 | |
| | 1,4 | 160 | 40 | 41 | 40 | 38 | 38 | 37 | 31 | 29 | 43 | 48 | 49 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 46 | 40 | 38 | 51 | 55 | 56 | 55 | 54 | 53 | 53 | 46 | 44 | 58 | |
| 200 | 2,9 | 330 | 50 | 47 | 44 | 40 | 38 | 37 | 30 | 29 | 43 | 56 | 55 | 52 | 50 | 49 | 49 | 43 | 42 | 55 | 58 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 61 | 55 | 54 | 65 | | |
| | 4,4 | 500 | 54 | 51 | 48 | 45 | 43 | 42 | 36 | 34 | 48 | 59 | 58 | 56 | 54 | 54 | 54 | 48 | 47 | 59 | 65 | 65 | 63 | 61 | 60 | 61 | 55 | 54 | 66 | |
| | 1,4 | 240 | 42 | 42 | 41 | 39 | 38 | 38 | 31 | 28 | 43 | 51 | 51 | 50 | 48 | 47 | 47 | 40 | 37 | 52 | 57 | 58 | 56 | 55 | 54 | 53 | 46 | 44 | 59 | |
| 250 | 2,9 | 520 | 51 | 48 | 45 | 41 | 39 | 38 | 31 | 29 | 44 | 57 | 56 | 54 | 52 | 50 | 50 | 44 | 43 | 56 | 61 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 61 | 62 | 56 | 55 | 67 | |
| | 4,5 | 800 | 55 | 53 | 49 | 46 | 44 | 43 | 37 | 35 | 49 | 61 | 60 | 58 | 56 | 55 | 55 | 49 | 48 | 60 | 67 | 67 | 65 | 63 | 62 | 62 | 56 | 55 | 67 | |

* sound level in dB/octave in relation to 10^{-12} W

If air is blown into a room, the tube orifice and the room absorption provide an additional damping and thus reduce the sound power level.

According to VDI 2081, the spatial and mouth damping can be calculated. Roughly, approximately 8 dB can be deducted. To comply with a required sound pressure level for the room, it may be necessary to mount a correspondingly to be designed absorption silencer between the volume flow controller and the room or to insulate the pipe.

The flow noise is highly dependent on local conditions, the radiating area of the pipe (pipe diameter and length) after the muffler and the sound insulation. The data reported here, which were determined in the laboratory, can only be an indication of value. The sound power can be increased by an additional sound source (e.g. a fan, unfavorable flow conditions or the like). If this additional sound power level is about 10 dB lower than the sound power level of the volume flow controller, it does not cause an increase in the addition.



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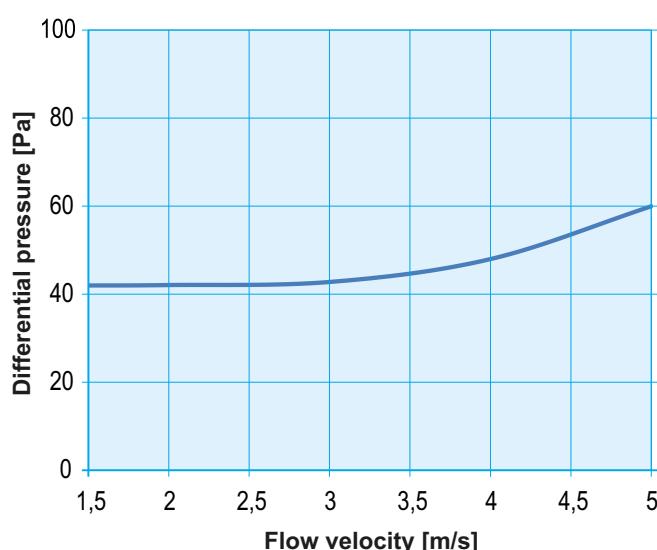
Table 2: Level correction values to calculate the radiated noise of a 6 m long pipe with built-in flow-regulator

| Size [mm] | 6 m Folded spiral pipe according to DIN 24145 | | | | | | | | 6 m Insulation with 1 mm sheet steel and 25 mm mineral wool | | | | | | | | 6 m Insulation with 1 mm sheet steel and 50 mm mineral wool | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Correction value [dB/octave] | | | | | | | | Correction value [dB/octave] | | | | | | | | Correction value [dB/octave] | | | | | | | |
| | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz |
| 80 | 36 | 33 | 32 | 23 | 17 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 39 | 35 | 39 | 35 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 29 | 42 | 37 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 54 | 56 | 47 |
| 100 | 34 | 32 | 30 | 22 | 16 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 38 | 35 | 38 | 34 | 31 | 33 | 34 | 28 | 41 | 38 | 46 | 45 | 47 | 54 | 57 | 47 |
| 125 | 29 | 29 | 31 | 24 | 21 | 19 | 15 | 11 | 35 | 33 | 37 | 36 | 32 | 33 | 36 | 27 | 35 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 51 | 60 | 58 | 45 |
| 160 | 23 | 23 | 20 | 18 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 27 | 26 | 28 | 29 | 27 | 31 | 31 | 25 | 29 | 28 | 35 | 40 | 44 | 51 | 54 | 44 |
| 200 | 22 | 19 | 16 | 16 | 15 | 11 | 9 | 8 | 23 | 18 | 23 | 26 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 24 | 26 | 22 | 29 | 37 | 42 | 51 | 53 | 43 |
| 250 | 19 | 16 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 23 | 18 | 20 | 24 | 26 | 30 | 28 | 24 | 25 | 20 | 26 | 35 | 41 | 50 | 52 | 42 |

Minimum response pressure difference

When dimensioning the tube system, the static minimum response pressure difference of the flow regulator according to diagram 1 is to be observed

Diagram 1: Reference values for response sensitivity



Our product range



Bends 15° - 90° (half shells), airtight, laser-welded without overlapping.
Available in stainless steel and VA mirror optics, too.



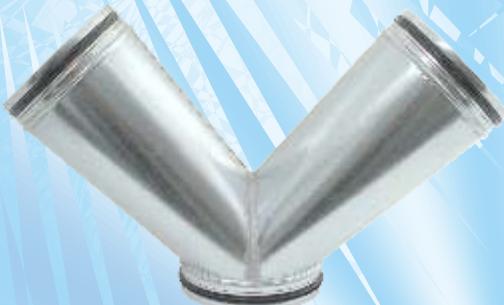
Ventilation hoods



Roof caps



Take offs



Y-pieces 15° - 120°



Exhaust air pieces



Spigots 15° - 45°



Flange connections
Flange system

non-destructive disassembly
with flange system



available
for all components



Male couplings



T-pieces 90°, airtight
laser-welded without
overlapping



Regular T-pieces 90°



Reducers symmetric
drawn from one component
without seam



Reducers
asymmetrical



X-pieces 90°



Saddles 90°, pressed



Flat ducts airtight
laser-welded without overlapping